

METRICULT
SAMPLING KIT FOR MICROBIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF ENDOMETRITIS IN LARGE ANIMALS, E. G. MARES, COWS, ANIMALS IN ZOOS ETC.

veterinary technical device for collection, storage and transport of a sample from a uterus intended for the microbiological determination of endometritis

Batch:

Date of manufacturing:

Expiry date:

The kit - a catheter with a mandrel and a swab rod (sterile – sterilized with ethylene oxide), a bag with a disinfectant wipe, a transport medium in a test tube. For single use only.

This set enables the swab inside the mandrel to be protected from contamination during insertion of the catheter through a vagina and a cervix.

Registration number: VTP/010/15-C

Manufacturer: LabMediaServis s.r.o., Národní 84, Pražské předměstí, 551 01 Jaroměř, in cooperation with GAMA GROUP a.s., Mánesova 11/3b, 370 67 České Budějovice, the Czech Republic.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

Sampling procedure:

1. Clean and disinfect the vaginal entrance
2. Remove the catheter from the package
3. Apply a lubricant onto the catheter
4. Insert the catheter through the vagina and the cervix into the uterus under control from the rectum
5. Insert the mandrel with the swab into the uterus
6. Take a sample of the uterine secretion
7. Insert the mandrel with the swab rod back to the catheter
8. Slide the catheter out of the animal
9. If the catheter is dirty, cut the end of the tube with surgical scissors.
10. Pull out the mandrel with the swab
11. Cut off the swab
12. Insert the swab into the test tube with the transport medium

After closing the tube and marking it, the sample is ready to be sent for examination.

Kit storage:

Store the tubes with the medium refrigerated (+2 to +8 °C). After the sample is taken and during transport to the laboratory, store it at the room temperature (+20 to +25 °C).

Store the catheter with the mandrel and the swab at +5 to +25 °C.

Avoid temperature fluctuations (overheating, freezing).

Store components in their original packaging for as long as possible.

Do not use the kit if it shows a physical change in the medium (e. g. drying, decoloration or discoloration), the presence of microbial contamination (flakes) or damage to the collection kit's own packaging.

Disposal method: Dispose of the used or damaged kit as infectious material.